

STEREO MOC Status Report
Time Period: 2017:177 - 2017:183

STEREO Ahead (STA) Status:

1. The following Ground System anomalies/events occurred during this reporting period:

- On day 182, during the DSS-36 support, the uplink sweep was delayed 21 minutes due to incorrect uplink parameters than the nominal SOE B values. This anomaly resulted in loss of 16 minutes of commanding and ranging and 116 frames of real-time telemetry. All SSR data was recovered. See DR #C112780 for more information.

2. The following spacecraft/instrument events occurred during this week. The Ahead observatory operated nominally during this week.

- On day 180, the 100th momentum dump was executed successfully at 1730z, which imparted an estimated delta V of 0.106 m/sec. This was the 19th momentum dump that did not use the IMU. After thruster operations completed, there was a 0.14 degree of roll angle error which was dampened out over the next 7.8 minutes. Fine pointing stabilized 2.0 minutes after completion of the momentum dump.
- The average daily science data return for Ahead was 6.2 Gbits during this week.

STEREO Behind (STB) Status:

1. Detailed status of the recovery activities this week to restore operations is listed below.

- None.

2. The Behind loss of communication anomaly occurred on October 1, 2014. Post superior solar conjunction, recovery operations resumed on November 30, 2015. By implementing the NASA Failure Review Board recommendations, the first recovery attempt began with carrier detection by the DSN on August 21st, through September 23, 2016. At a spacecraft range of ~2 AU, the observatory was found to be rotating slowly about its

principal axis of inertia for which the uncontrolled attitude allowed some solar array input and continuous uplink and downlink communications on the LGA at emergency data rates. Over the next 22 continuous days, significant obstacles to recovery were overcome with a collaborative effort of the JHU/APL engineering team, NASA GSFC, DSN, FDF, SSMO scheduling, and Mission Operations teams. This consisted of:

- Reliably commanding a rotating spacecraft with uncontrolled attitude at a distance of 2 AU
- How to power on the spacecraft that was never designed to be off without collapsing the battery voltage
- Acquiring telemetry at 35 bps from a spacecraft that is rotating with an uncontrolled attitude
- Warming a frozen propulsion subsystem with a degraded battery and limited solar array input with an uncontrolled attitude
- Configuring, loading, and verifying EA, C&DH, and G&C parameters and macros with very limited telemetry
- Conducting an autonomous momentum dump in the blind and transitioning to C&DH standby mode and successfully receiving telemetry on the HGA indicating star tracker lock and decreasing system momentum.

However, system momentum level remained above the threshold for re-establishing attitude control with the reaction wheels. Due to the uncontrolled attitude, communication degraded and the last detection of the carrier was on September 23rd.

Behind Observatory Status - From the last telemetry received on September 18th and the telemetry assessment review held on February 24th, main bus voltage is low, 3 out of 11 battery cells are bypassed, attitude remains uncontrolled, rotating about its principal axis of maximum moment of inertia. While likely all ~42 kg of hydrazine remains and is frozen, both pressure transducers are not functioning. EA mode is enabled and autonomy is disabled. The battery charge rate is C/10. RF is configured for the +Z LGA at emergency data rates and the range of the expected best lock frequency is known. Necessary macro sequences have been tested to allow the peak power tracker in C&DH standby mode to protect the battery. These macro sequences will be loaded to EEPROM when the communications supports longer commands.

Monthly recovery efforts consist of attempting to power on the transmitter for 30 minutes. If no carrier signal is detected,

battery recovery operations will commence which consist of repeatedly sweeping a 4 kHz uplink range and sending commands for IEM switched power and PDU 1553 interface bus off. The next recovery tracks are on July 11th, 13th, and 15th.

Recovery planning continues with weekly discussions to refine the plan and procedures for the next recovery attempt this Fall by incorporating recommendations from the BEHIND telemetry assessment review and lessons learned. The next recovery planning meeting is on Wednesday, July 5th, at 1 PM EDT.